

POLICY / PROCEDURE TITLE		DATE OF APPROVAL
NCG Safeguarding Procedure		October 2024
APPROVED BY	VERSION NO.	VALID UNTIL
Executive Board	4	October 2025

OWNER	Executive Director Quality		
GROUP EXECUTIVE LEAD	Executive Director Quality		
DOCUMENT TYPE	Policy Gro	up Procedure ⊠	Local Procedure
PURPOSE	The purpose of this procedure is to support the implementation of the NCG Policy with a consistent set of guidance		
APPLICABLE TO	All NCG employees, as well as consultants, vendors, agency workers, contractors, service users, trainees/students, volunteers and/or any other parties who have a business relationship with NCG.		
EQUALITY ANALYSIS COMPLETED [POLICIES	Yes ⊠	No □	N/A □
ONLY]	(If EA not applicable, please explain)		
KEY THINGS TO KNOW ABOUT THIS POLICY	 This procedure implements legislation and statutory guidance, it is an employment condition that staff read, understand, and follow this procedure This procedure sets out what staff need to know, and do, in the context of safeguarding children and adults at risk Every year, the successful implementation of this procedure results in thousands of concerns raised, across the Group, and contributes to action that keeps hundreds of learners. 		
EXPECTED OUTCOME	Staff are expected to read, understand, and follow this procedure in full. They should be able to recognise the signs of abuse, neglect, and exploitation, and know how to act accordingly to protect our young people, and adults at risk.		

MISCELLANEOUS	
LINKED DOCUMENTS	ESFA funded adult education budget (AEB): funding and performance management rules 2024 to 2025
•	The Equality Act (2010) https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2010/15/contents

[The Children and Families Act (2014)	
	https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2014/6/contents	
	The Care Act (2014)	
-	Prevent Duty Guidance (statutory guidance)	
-	Keeping Children Safe in Education (statutory guidance)	
-	Working Together to Safeguard Children (statutory guidance)	
-	NCG Attendance Management Policy	
•	NCG Careers Education, Information Advice and Guidance Framework policy.	
-	NCG Disclosure & Whistleblowing Policy	
-	NCG Drugs, Alcohol, Weapons Policy	
-	NCG Equality, Diversity, Inclusion and Belonging (EBID) Policy	
-	NCG FE and Apprenticeships Admissions Policy	
-	NCG Learner Positive Behaviour Policy.	
-	NCG Recruitment Policy	
-	NCG Safeguarding Policy	
-	NCG Staff Code of Conduct	
-	NCG Teaching, Learning and Assessment Policy	
	NCG Tutorial, Progress and Attainment Policy	
KEYWORDS •	Abuse	
-	Neglect	
-	Exploitation	
-	Reporting	
-	My Concern	
-	DSL	
-	Referral	
-	Children	
-	Adults at Risk	
-	Child Sexual Exploitation	
-	Modern Slavery	
	Domestic Abuse	
	County Lines & Youth Violence	
	Online Abuse	
	Prevent	
•	Radicalisation and Extremism	

Equality Impact Assessment

EQUALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT			
	Yes	No	Explanatory Note if required
EIA 1 - Does the proposed policy/procedure align with the intention of the NCG Mission and EDIB Intent Statement in Section 2?			The answer to this must be YES
EIA 2 - Does the proposed policy/procedure in any way impact unfairly on any protected characteristics below?			
Age		\boxtimes	The answer to this must be NO
Disability / Difficulty		\boxtimes	The answer to this must be NO
Gender Reassignment		\boxtimes	The answer to this must be NO
Marriage and Civil Partnership		\boxtimes	The answer to this must be NO
Race		\boxtimes	The answer to this must be NO
Religion or Belief		\boxtimes	The answer to this must be NO
Sex		\boxtimes	The answer to this must be NO
Sexual Orientation		\boxtimes	The answer to this must be NO
EIA3 - Does the proposed policy/processes contain any language/terms/references/ phrasing that could cause offence to any specific groups of people or individuals?			The answer to this must be NO
EIA4 - Does the policy/process discriminate or victimise any groups or individuals?			The answer to this must be NO
EIA 5 - Does this policy/process positively discriminate against any group of people, or individuals?			The answer to this must be NO
EIA 5 - Does this policy/process include any positive action to support underrepresented groups of people, or individuals?			The policy highlights learners that may typically be deemed vulnerable, and the arrangements to provide support.
EIA 6 - How do you know that the above is correct?	This policy has been reviewed by the NCG Safeguarding Council and NCG Executive, prior to approval by NCG Corporation. The membership of these groups is indicative of the wider population within NCG.		

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Introductory Note from the NCG Safeguarding Council.

This procedure contains critical information – you should use it as a starting point to understand the appropriate process. However, if you have a concern about a learner, staff member, or an emerging risk. at any time, you should discuss immediately with the appropriate Designated Safeguarding lead (DSL), appointed deputy, or member of the NCG Executive/College Leadership Team. The names of the appointed DSLs can be found on the NCG website here, or <a href="https://www.ncgrp.co.uk/guide-to-information/our-policies-and-procedures/safeguarding/.

1. Introduction

It is essential that all young people and adults at risk are protected from abuse, neglect, and exploitation. They have the fundamental right to access education and training, free from fear of harm, and will be protected from mistreatment and abuse, including the risk of radicalisation. NCG has a duty to safeguard the young people, and adults receiving education and training at the College.

Staff should first read, understand, and follow the NCG Safeguarding Policy, as it contains fundamental statutory information and guidance, that is not always repeated in this document.

This procedure is written in accordance with Governmental guidelines, local authority guidance and locally agreed interagency procedures. This procedure complies with and should be read in conjunction with the Department for Education statutory guidance "Keeping Children Safe in Education" and the NCG Safeguarding Policy. Regarding adults at risk, this procedure is in accordance with government guidance on the protection of adults considered vulnerable in the DfES / NIACE publication "Safer Practice, Safer Learning" (2007). With regards to radicalisation, this procedure is in accordance with the "Prevent Duty Guidance for England and Wales" (2016) and "The Counter Terrorism and Security Act" (2015).

The procedure is reviewed and updated annually by Designated College Safeguarding Leads, (unless an incident, any new legislation or guidance suggests the need for an interim dynamic review). It is approved by Corporation Board, following review by the NCG Safeguarding Council and NCG Policy Review Council, and is subsequently adopted as the main procedure by college and professional services leaders and staff.

Information on safeguarding policies and procedures will be made available to learners, staff, and parents / carers on the NCG and College website.

All staff employed by the Group must follow the NCG Safeguarding Policy and NCG Safeguarding Procedure. Staff will always act in the best interests of the learner and will take the view that 'it could happen here; it could happen to anyone' and be mindful of factors that increase risk and vulnerabilities.

Note the term **college** refers to the constituent parts of NCG, and **professional services** refers to those NCG centralised services, nominally located in Rye Hill House Newcastle and/or residing in college business support functions.

NCG staff refers to all staff in the organisation, including sessional workers, agency staff, subcontractor staff, and volunteers.

The term **learner** is used in its widest sense and includes all learners, whether young people aged 14-18, learners with specific high needs, apprentices, adult learners, or higher education students.

The term **DSL** is used to refer to the designated safeguarding leads at NCG. For specific reference Group Designated Safeguarding Lead (GDSL), or College Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) will be used.

The term 'child on child' abuse is used to specifically relates to children aged up to and including 18 years of age. Peer on peer will refer to staff/adult learners aged 19 and above.

2. Key Principles for the Safeguarding of Learners

- Staff working with learners are in a position of trust, and whilst the NCG Policy and NCG Procedure is predominantly focused on children and adults at risk, it applies to all staff and all learners.
- All learners, whatever their age, ability, gender / sex, marital or civil partnership status, racial origin, culture and / or religious belief or sexual identity, have the right to be treated with respect, have their dignity maintained and have an entitlement to protection from mistreatment and abuse.
- All learners have the right to access learning with as much independence as is appropriate and within their capabilities, and to make independent choices.
- All incidents and allegations or suspicions of abuse, neglect, or exploitation, must be taken seriously and responded to swiftly and appropriately.
- Staff are expected to follow the NCG Code of Conduct at all times, including when on educational trips and visits away from campus.
- Learners are expected to follow the code of conduct contained within the NCG Student Positive Behaviour Policy, including when on educational trips and visits away from campus.
- All staff should be aware that certain groups of learners may be more vulnerable to abuse or neglect. These groups are set out in the NCG Safeguarding Policy.

3. Safeguarding Definitions and Links to NCG Safeguarding Policy

3.1. Definitions

Please refer to NCG Safeguarding Policy sections 1.1 to 1.4 for key definitions and considerations for children, adults at risk, young learners with specialist education needs or disabilities (SEND), and young learners who are LGBT.

3.2. Types and Forms of Abuse

Please refer to NCG Safeguarding Policy section 1.5 for a list of categories to describe the different types of abuse, risk and exploitation.

3.3. Prevent Duty and Radicalisation

The Prevent Duty Guidance defines radicalisation as 'the process by which a person comes to support terrorism and extremist ideologies associated with

terrorist groups. The Counterterrorism and Security Act 2015 places a duty on specific organisations, including colleges, to have regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism. This policy seeks to put in place the requirements of the Act through a Prevent Risk Assessment – an NCG cascade policy to be adapted and implemented locally.

The Counter Extremism Strategy 2015 defined extremism as 'the vocal or active opposition to our fundamental values, including democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty, and respect and tolerance for different faiths and beliefs.' For the purposes of clarification, terrorism is the act or threat designed to influence a body or organisation through intimidation and violent action.

3.4. Classification of Risk (Concern / risk of harm / immediate danger)

Responses to safeguarding issues will be assessed with reference to Local Safeguarding Board thresholds. Staff should be clear on the distinction between 'concerns' at 'risk of harm' and 'immediate danger':

Concern – where staff, learners and / or external partners have any initial concerns about the welfare of a young person or adult, they must raise those concerns with Designated Safeguarding Staff immediately (and most certainly within two hours). These concerns will be discussed and recorded confidentially, and internal and / or external Early Help Assessments will be considered.

Risk of Harm – where staff, learners and / or external partners believe a young person or adult is suffering or likely to suffer from harm, or may pose a risk of harm to others, they must raise this with the Designated Safeguarding Staff immediately (and most certainly within two hours¹). These risks will be discussed and recorded confidentially, and the Designated Safeguarding Lead will determine the next steps, which may include a referral to Children or Adult Social Care Services and / or the Police.

Immediate Danger - where staff, learners and / or external partners believe a young person or adult is in immediate danger, or a potential risk to others, they must raise this with the Designated Safeguarding Staff immediately within two hours. These risks will be discussed and recorded confidentially, and the Designated Safeguarding Lead will determine the next steps, which may include a referral to Children or Adult Social Care Services and / or the police. In these instances, it may be appropriate for the member of staff to contact the emergency services directly using 999.

3.5. People Responsible for Safeguarding Young People, Adults at Risk and Prevent

(Please see NCG Internet for current DSL and link governor. <u>Safeguarding | NCG (ncgrp.co.uk)</u>)

¹ Note this is the maximum time for the concern to be formally reported using MyConcern. It should be done immediately in all but extenuating circumstances.

4. All Staff Responsibility

NCG recognises that all members of staff, external partners and learners have a role to play in safeguarding the welfare of young people and adults and preventing their abuse.

It is the <u>statutory responsibility</u> of all staff to:

- Read and understand the annually updated Keeping Children Safe in Education, the current NCG Staff Code of Conduct, and the most recent NCG Safeguarding Policy, and Procedure (this document).
- Be aware of the signs and symptoms of abuse, neglect and exploitation, including Prevent, Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE), sexual harassment, abuse and violence, Female Genital Mutilation (FGM), forced marriage and private fostering.
- Be aware of the seriousness of child-on-child abuse and challenge all inappropriate behaviour, including inappropriate 'banter'.
- Be 'professionally curious', particularly where there are warning signs of abuse and / or neglect.
- Ensure that they carry out their duties in accordance with the duty to safeguard all learners and protect young people and adults at risk.
- Follow policies and procedures if they are aware of, or suspect, that a young person is missing in education.
- Take prompt, appropriate action when they have concerns about a young person or adult at risk.
- Behave professionally and in accordance the NCG Staff Code of Conduct.
- Understand the parameters of their role and be aware that, under the Sexual Offences Act 2003, it is an offence for a person over the age of 18 and in a position of trust to have a sexual relationship with a person under the age of 18, even if the relationship is consensual.

It is an NCG mandatory responsibility of all staff to:

- Maintain updates to NCG online Mandatory Training every 3 years
- Attend annual safeguarding refreshers/updates.
- Behave in accordance with the NCG Staff Code of Conduct, and NCG IT Acceptable Use Policy.
- Record compliance with the annual update (including reading the relevant parts of KCSIE, NCG Safeguarding Policy).
- Record any changes to their DBS with a People & Development Business Partner or declare annually that there have been no changes.
- Understand how to log a concern using the MyConcern platform and by at least one other method (email/Teams/phone).

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4.1. Group Designated Safeguarding Lead / NCG Safeguarding Council

The Group Designated Safeguarding Lead shall undertake external safeguard training with the nearest local authority (e.g., Newcastle Local Authority if based in Rye Hill). The Group DSL will be a member of the NCG Executive and will chair the NCG Safeguarding Council. College DSLs / DDSLs will attend the half-termly Council meetings, with the intention of reviewing policy, supporting successful implementation, and sharing knowledge, expertise and supporting peer supervision.

4.2. Corporation Board Governors and Local College Board Members

Corporation Board Governors and members of NCG's local college boards shall receive appropriate safeguarding and child protection (including online) training at induction. As Trustees and Governors, it is the responsibility of the NCG Corporation Board to ensure the effectiveness of NCG's safeguarding arrangements. As advisors to and advocates for our local colleges, we also want our local college board members to have confidence in the effectiveness of our safeguarding arrangements. As such, both Governors and college board members will receive annual refresher training delivered by the NCG DSL and are required to read and understand the applicability of KCSIE, with particular attention to parts 1 and 2. Training will include NCG's obligations under KCSIE.

There will be a nominated Link Governor for Safeguarding on the Corporation Board. The Governor should have experience in working with safeguarding children/adults in a professional capacity, for example through their professional experience working in education, health, or local authority services. The Link Governor is responsible for liaising with the Professional Services DSL on matters associated with safeguarding, including:

- Ensuring that the Group has appropriate policy and procedures in place that align with KCSIE and other statutory guidance.
- Checking alignment with local safeguarding boards, and multi-agency arrangements
- Advising on continuous improvement and reviewing efficacy of procedures and systems, including review of any NCG Business Assurance recommendations
- Gaining assurance that policy and procedures are effectively maintained.
- Working with the DSL to agree the content of annual reports.
- Supporting the DSL with non-case specific ad-hoc advice, peer support, procedural guidance, and support where applicable – particularly where the theme of concern is related to local community, or place-based concerns.
- Please note Link Governor(s) are not expected to intervene on individual case work, DSLs will work to protect a learner's personal information. However, Link Governor(s) are likely to have valuable advice and guidance on general themes and concerns, procedures, and continuous improvement.

4.3. College Leaders

The term college leaders applied to all members of the NCG Executive, college principalship/senior leadership teams, directors, and heads of department/services, along with the DSL. They are collecting responsible for:

- Ensuring all staff follow NCG Safeguarding Policy and NCG Safeguarding Procedure.
- Physical security in all college buildings. Adequate measures / deterrents for preventing access to unauthorised personnel must be in place i.e., the provision of lanyards, CCTV, barriers, and / or security staff.

4.4. Designated Staff with Responsibility for Safeguarding

In line with the NCG Safeguarding Policy, the College has an identified College Designated Safeguarding Lead, a Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead, and an appropriate number of safeguarding officers, for the size of the learner population.

A list of DSL names, titles and contact details for these staff is available at <u>Safeguarding | NCG (ncgrp.co.uk)</u>

4.5. The (College) Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL)

The DSL is responsible for the protection of young people and adults and is also the single point of contact (SPOC) for Safeguarding and Prevent in each College.

The post holder will be a member of the is a member of the College Senior Leadership Team (SLT) and has a key duty to take the lead with raising staff awareness of issues relating to the welfare of young people and adults considered at risk / vulnerable, and the promotion of a safe environment for the young people and adults considered vulnerable who are learning within the college.

The Designated Safeguarding Lead is responsible for:

- Providing training, advice, and guidance to staff to ensure adequate implementation of the NCG Policy and Procedure; ensuring that key information is clear on websites, notice boards, and college screens (as appropriate)
- Overseeing the referral of concerns in the college and triaging where required
- Referring suspected abuse or allegations to the appropriate team at the relevant Local Authority.

- Ensuring the College has the details for each Looked After Child (LAC) in college, including the name of their Social Worker and Virtual Head Teacher in the LACs local authority.
- Ensuring that parents / carers are aware that the College will make referrals to the Local Authority if there is a safeguarding concern.
- Maintaining a record of any child protection / adult referrals, complaints, or concerns (even where that concern does not lead to a referral).
- Ensuring that parents / carers are aware of the NCG Safeguarding Policy and Procedure.
- Liaising with the Local Safeguarding Boards and other appropriate agencies.
- Liaising with secondary schools that send pupils to the College to ensure that appropriate arrangements are made for the pupils, including the sending, and receipting of Child Protection Files.
- Liaising with employers and training organisations that receive young people or adults at risk from the College on long term placements, to ensure that appropriate safeguards are in place.
- Ensuring that the College carries out a risk assessment process for serious safeguarding disclosures and serious criminal disclosures.
- Taking lead responsibility for raising awareness within the staff of issues relating to the welfare of young people and adults at risk, and the promotion of a safe environment for the young people and adults at risk who are learning within the College.
- Ensuring that staff receive basic training in safeguarding and Prevent issues and are aware of the NCG Safeguarding Policy and Procedure.
- Reporting allegations to the Prevent Team at the relevant police force / Local Authority or via Channel.
- Providing advice and support to other staff on issues relating to the protection of young people and adults at risk.
- Advise on any cases, where a learner may pose a potential risk to others and/or any previous history/circumstances within NCG's colleges (may link to the NCG Admissions Policy).

4.6. Designated Safeguarding Staff

These designated members of staff will:

- .know how to make an appropriate referral.
- .be able to provide advice and support to other staff on issues relating to the protection of young people and adults at risk.
- .have the responsibility of being available to listen to young people and adults at risk.
- .deal with individual cases, including attending case conferences and review meetings as appropriate.
- .have received the appropriate local authority training, and will receive refresher training at least every 2 years.
- .take the wishes of young people or adults at risk into account, and, wherever possible, involve them in decision making.
- .keep accurate and secure records of concerns and referrals on the safeguarding recording system.
- .understand the assessment process for Early Help and other support mechanisms within local authorities.
- .have a working knowledge of how the local authority investigates and conducts Section 47 and Section 17 cases after referral
- .be alert to the specific needs of young people in need, SEN learners, Care Experienced learners, and Young Adult Carers.
- .understand and support the College regarding the requirements of the Prevent Duty and be able to provide advice and support to staff and learners.
- .promote and raise awareness with staff and learners about key safeguarding issues.

5. Reporting and Dealing with Safeguarding Concerns and Disclosures of Abuse

5.1. Abuse Disclosed by Learner

Assess whether anyone is at immediate risk or in danger. If a learner is in immediate danger or at risk of serious harm, for example, in a life-threatening situation:

• Call a first aider and / or ambulance if an individual requires medical attention without delay.

- Call the emergency services / police if a crime is taking place or has taken place without delay.
- Separate the alleged perpetrator and victim but only if safe to do so.
- Communicate the information to the Designated Safeguarding Lead immediately via MyConcern.
- Lower-level concerns should be reported to Designated Safeguarding Staff immediately via MyConcern but must be reported within two hours.
- The person to whom an allegation or concern is reported must gather relevant information but must not investigate the matter.

5.1.1 Guidance for Staff receiving and reporting concerns.

Receive - Listen carefully and stay calm. Avoid asking leading questions or closed questions, instead encourage 'free narrative' without applying any pressure.

For example, use simple prompts such as 'tell me...., 'explain to me....., 'describe to me......

Questions should be kept to the minimum necessary to understand what is being alleged. Care must be taken when asking, or interpreting responses to questions about the indications of abuse, or any initial conclusions, as this could influence the evidence which is put forward if there are subsequent legal proceedings. The member of staff should not ask questions about the incident/s or make any judgements.

Reassure the individual that by telling a member of staff, they have done the right thing. Treat the matter seriously and keep an open mind. Inform the young person or adult at risk that the information must be passed on, but that only to those who need to know about it and are trained will be told. Inform the learner how the matter will be reported and what may happen next (the trained college staff will most probably need to make enquiries).

Record the main points carefully. Make a written record of the information as soon as possible (with notes taken in the learner's own words). Transfer to MyConcern as soon as possible.

- The name of the complainant and, where different, the name of the learner who has allegedly been abused.
- When and where the alleged incident took place, including date and time.
- If anyone else was present.
- The free narrative account of what is alleged to have happened and any questions asked by the member of staff.
- A description of any injuries observed.
- Staff and learner details will be recorded on MyConcern.

Staff should be careful not to:

- 'Put words into the learners account' by asking leading questions.
- Investigate concerns or allegations.
- Promise that you can keep it to yourself or promise confidentiality (but you can assure them it will be shared with only trusted and trained professionals i.e., DSLs)

5.1.2 Abuse Suspected, but Not Disclosed by Learner

In this case the staff member must also report the concern using MyConcern immediately.

The member of staff may wish to discuss the concern with the DSL first who can provide advice and guidance however DSLs will ask staff to report the concern regardless so a record can be maintained. This is particularly important so that a pattern of concerns can be logged, even if only suspected.

Following discussion with the DSL appropriate action will be taken. This may include making a referral to the local Children's or Adult Social Care Services and / or Police if the DSL considers that the information given indicates that the learner or another person, including minors, may be at risk of significant harm. It may also be the case that a suspicion forms part of a wider pattern, known to external agencies or police.

Remember, the learner may not yet be ready or able to speak to you about their experiences. You should not pressure the individual to disclose but should display professional curiosity and report to the DSL via normal mechanisms. It is always better to over-report, than under-report.

5.2. Reporting and Dealing with Concerns

In many cases the DSL may conclude that the learner needs specific welfare, SEN, or emotional support, however, this may not warrant intervention by Children's or Adult's Social Care. In these cases, learners may be referred to the College services such as learning support. Learning support teams can offer a range of services such as:

- Counselling and mental health support, and access to self-help applications.
- Behaviour management support, which may also link to the NCG Student Positive Behaviour Policy
- Welfare advice and guidance.
- Referral to internal and externally procured specialist support.

If a member of staff has significant concerns about a learner but does not believe, that they are being abused, or are at risk of immediate significant harm, they should:

• Talk to the learner about the concerns.

- Log the concern via My Concern which is the appropriate method for the DSL to consider whether the concerns about the learner should be discussed with local safeguarding professionals.
- Arrange ongoing support for the learner in conjunction with the Student Learner Team.

5.3. Reporting to DSL / DSL Safeguarding Teams (My Concern)

- Staff must report any concerns, suspicions, or disclosures of abuse as soon as possible using MyConcern. Should MyConcern be unavailable for any reason, they should contact the DSL by email, Teams, or phoneline. Details are available on this <u>link</u> https://www.ncgrp.co.uk/guide-toinformation/our-policies-and-procedures/safeguarding/
- If staff are uncertain or need further advice or guidance about an issue related to safeguarding, they must contact a member of the DSL Team who will offer advice and support. If in doubt, they should log the concern on MyConcern anyway.
- If the matter is serious, and if the College DSL and Team are not available
 for some reason, staff should contact the leadership team that is most
 local (either college or NCG Executive). In the unlikely event that no local
 DSLs, or college leaders, can be contacted, the staff member should
 contact one of the other NCG DSLs listed on the NCG website (preferably
 the NCG DSL).
- Where a learner has been found to be at physical risk on college premises, the Health and Safety Manager and the Head of Estates should be informed immediately.

5.4. External Agency Referrals

- Following triage and internal review, the DSL must report a qualifying concern to the relevant external agency immediately, and certainly within 24 hours for cases that do not involve immediate harm.
- The DSL will follow external agency procedures for reporting.
- The DSL will also establish the action that will be taken and if there is a need to inform the parents / carers of the learner/adult at risk, or any other information and stages to be undertaken. The DSL will also establish the protocols for being information of further action taken.
- Case notes will be maintained on MyConcern.
- The DSL will additionally complete the NCG external referral form to note the category, and MyConcern reference. This should be completed within 2 working days (the notification is for monitoring purposed only, and has no bearing on the safeguarding case

5.5. Learners Aged 18 Years or Over NOT Defined As 'At Risk'

 Staff should still refer through, via MyConcern, any concerns with adults aged 18 years, including those that are not vulnerable, at risk, or in need of educational support. DSLs are best placed to decide, whether to refer through to external agencies, including adult services, the police, and Channel.

 Alternatively, the abuse may be in the past and the learner may require direction towards a counselling agency such as counselling support, Health Services, survivors' support groups, or the NSPCC, which also works with adult survivors of abuse.

5.6. Learners Aged 18 Years or Over Defined As 'At Risk' - Consent

Referrals to Adult Social Care and / or the police for Adults at Risk should only be made with the consent of the Adult at Risk, unless obtaining consent is deemed to put them at further risk. This involves:

- Speaking to the Adult at Risk in private.
- Getting their views on what has happened and what they want to happen next.

Give them information about the safeguarding adults process and seek consent to share the information.

However, the Designated Safeguarding Lead or College Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead should override consent if they make an assessment that the Adult at Risk does not have the mental capacity to provide informed consent, as set out by the Mental Capacity Act (2005). This act sets out 5 key principles:

- 1. Capacity is presumed unless proven otherwise.
- 2. People should be supported to make decisions.
- 3. The right to make unwise decisions.
- 4. Best interests.
- 5. Least restrictive intervention.

5.6.1 Mental Capacity

Mental capacity assessments are decision, and time specific. Consent should be overridden when:

- 1 Capacity is affected by threatening or coercive behaviour.
- 2 There is risk of critical harm.
- 3 The concern is in the public interest.
- 4 A serious crime has taken place.

The DSL will follow the guidance of the relevant external agency (e.g., adult safeguarding board) in circumstances where this may be relevant.

Case Notes on MyConcern will be maintained.

6. Reporting and Dealing with Allegations of Abuse Against Members of Staff

NCG recognises that an allegation of abuse made against a member of staff may occur for a variety of reasons and that the facts of the allegation may, or may not, be true. It is also recognised that hasty or ill-informed decisions in connection with a member of staff can irreparably damage an individual's reputation, confidence, and career. Therefore, allegations of abuse by a member of staff shall be handled with due sensitivity.

Note. If an allegation is made regarding a former staff member, who is no longer employed at the College, the matter will be immediately reported to the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO)/Police by the DSL.

6.1. Receiving and Reporting an Allegation Against a Member of Staff

There are several sources from which a complaint or an allegation might arise, including from:

- A learner (regardless of age)
- A parent / carer.
- A member of the public.
- A disciplinary investigation.
- · Another member of staff
- A whistleblower (additional information can be found in the NCG Whistleblowing & Disclosure Policy in relation to whistleblowing activities).

The person who receives the allegation should not share this with any other colleagues other than the college principal, deputising principal, and/ DSL.

The person to whom an allegation or concern is reported must not question the learner or investigate the matter further.

They must:

- Treat the matter seriously.
- Keep an open mind and avoid asking leading questions (use phrases such as "tell me, explain to me, describe to me").
- If the complainant is the learner, questions should be kept to the minimum necessary to understand what is being alleged. Care must be taken in asking or interpreting responses to questions about indications of abuse, as this could influence the evidence which is put forward if there are subsequent legal proceedings.
- Make a written record of the information as soon as possible (where possible in the individual's own words), which should include:
 - The name of the complainant and, where different, the name of the learner who has allegedly been abused.
 - When and where the alleged incident took place, including date and time.

- Who was present.
- The account of what is alleged to have happened.
- A description of any injuries observed.
- Your name, signature, and date.
- Learner's signature if appropriate.

If an allegation, or suspicion of abuse, by a member of staff is received:

- Contact the DSL immediately to report that an allegation has been made.
- If the College's DSL/nominated deputy is not available, then contact the college principal. If all staff are unavailable, contact the Professional Services DSL for further guidance.

If an allegation, or suspicion of abuse, is associated with the college principal, executive principal, or DSL then:

• Contact the Professional Services DSL immediately to report that an allegation has been made - they will advise from there.

If an allegation or suspicion of abuse is the Professional Services DSL, then:

- Contact the NCG Chief Executive Officer they will advise from there. If an allegation or suspicion of abuse is NCG CEO, then:
 - Contact the Director of Governance they will advise from there.

6.2. Initial Action To be Taken by the DSL.

The DSL will usually work under the supervision of the principal to gather information by:

- Obtaining written details of the allegation, signed, and dated by the person receiving the allegation.
- Recording any other information in relation to time, dates and location of incident(s) and names of any potential witnesses.
- Recording discussions about the learner and / or member of staff, any decisions made and the reasons for those decisions.
- Countersigning and dating the written record.

It is important that the DSL, or principal, does not formally investigate the allegation at this early stage. The initial phase is one of information gathering to help decide on whether the allegation warrants further investigation.

The DSL/Principal will determine whether the allegation constitutes a 'Low-level Concern' in accordance with KCSIE. If so, the DSL will work with the People & Development Business Partner to take appropriate action. The allegation and subsequent action will be recorded on iTrent.

If the allegation warrants further investigation, the DSL must report an allegation to the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) immediately, and within 1 working day. This may be because the staff member is alleged to have:

- behaved in a way that has harmed a young person or may have harmed a young person / adult at risk.
- possibly committed a criminal offence against or involving a young person / adult at risk.
- behaved towards a young person / adult at risk in a way that indicates they
 are unsuitable to work with young people / adults at risk, in connection
 with their employment or voluntary activity.

The DSL will also contact the Executive Principal (People) / NCG DSL to agree how to inform the member of staff against whom the allegation has been made, and to agree appropriate action pending formal investigation initiated by the LADO.

If the concern is of significant severity, and involves police investigation, it is likely that the police will advise that internal investigation is deferred to allow for criminal investigations to take priority. The DSL will ensure that they remain updated on the status of any referral.

If a concern, or an allegation requiring immediate action, is received outside normal office hours, the DSL will consult immediately (or as soon as possible) with the LADO / police / relevant agency.

In line with DfE/ESFA funding arrangements, the NCG DSL will notify the DfE Contract Lead by email if a staff member (including staff employed by subcontractors) is the subject of an investigation by the local authority / police, in response to a serious safeguarding incident.

Other potential outcomes from a referral to LADO are:

- The allegation represents inappropriate behaviour or poor practice by the member of staff and is neither a crime, nor a likely cause of significant harm to the young person or adult at risk. The matter should be addressed in accordance with the NCG staff disciplinary procedures.
- The allegation can be proven to be false.

6.3. External Enquiries and Investigations

Safeguarding enquiries by external social care agencies or the police are not to be confused with internal disciplinary enquiries by NCG; however, NCG leaders may use the outcome of external agency enquiries as part of its own procedures. For example, if the crime has been committed and a member of staff has been charged.

Safeguarding agencies, including the police, have no power to direct the Group to act in a particular way; however, NCG staff must assist the agencies with their enquiries.

The DSL/leadership team shall hold in abeyance its own internal enquiries whilst the formal police or social services investigations proceed; to do otherwise may prejudice the investigation. Any internal enquiries shall conform to the existing staff disciplinary procedures.

If there is an investigation by an external agency (e.g., the police) the principal and DSL will normally be involved in, and contribute to, the inter-agency strategy discussions. The principal/DSL is responsible for ensuring that every assistance is provided to aid the agency's enquiries. They will ensure that appropriate confidentiality is maintained in connection with the enquiries, in the interests of the member of staff about whom the allegation is made.

The principal/People & Development Business Partner will advise the member of staff that they should consult with a representative - for example, a trade union.

Subject to objections from the police or any other investigating agency, the DSL/ People & Development Business Partner will:

- Inform the learner making the allegation, that the investigation is taking place and what the process is likely to involve.
- Ensure that the parents / carers of the learner making the allegation have been informed that the allegation has been made, and what the likely process will involve.
- Inform the member of staff against whom the allegation has been made of the fact that the investigation is taking place and what the process is likely to involve.
- Appoint separate named representatives to support both the student, and staff, member until the matter is resolved.
- Maintain records on MyConcern/iTrent as directed by the DSL.

6.4. Suspension of Staff

Suspension should not be automatic as it is not a neutral action. All options to avoid suspension should be considered prior to suspension. Suspension can only be carried out by the principal. If allegations involve the principal, suspension can only be carried out by the CEO.

Suspension may be considered at any stage of the investigation. Consideration should be given to alternatives: e.g., paid leave of absence, agreement to refrain from attending work, working from home on limited duties, a change/withdrawal from specified duties.

Suspension should only occur for a good reason. For example:

- Where a person is at risk of harm, or undue influence.
- Where the allegations are potentially sufficiently serious to justify dismissal on the grounds of gross misconduct.
- Where necessary for the good and efficient conduct of the investigation.

If suspension is being considered, the member of staff should be encouraged to seek advice - for example, from a trade union.

If the Principal considers that suspension is necessary, the member of staff shall be informed that they are suspended from duty. Written confirmation of the suspension, with reasons, shall be despatched as soon as possible - ideally within one working day.

Where a member of staff is suspended, the principal should address the following issues:

- The DSL is informed of the suspension in writing.
- The parents / carers of the learner making the allegation should be informed of the suspension; they should be asked to treat the information as confidential.
- Consideration should be given to informing the learner making the allegation of the suspension.
- Relevant senior leaders who need to know of the reason for the suspension should be informed.
- Depending on the nature of the allegation, the principal should consider with the Divisional Board Member whether a statement to the learners of the College and / or parents / carers should be made, taking due regard of the need to avoid unwelcome publicity.
- The principal shall carefully consider and review the decisions as to who is informed of the suspension and investigation. The LADO and external investigating authorities should be consulted.
- The suspended member of staff should be given appropriate support during the period of suspension. They should also be provided with information on progress and developments in the case at regular intervals by the appointed Investigating Manager.
- The suspension should remain under review in accordance with the College disciplinary procedures.

6.5. Disciplinary Investigation

The disciplinary investigation should be conducted in accordance with the NCG Staff Disciplinary Policy.

The member of staff should be informed of:

- The disciplinary charge against them.
- Their entitlement to be accompanied or represented by a trade union representative or friend.
- Where the member of staff has been suspended and no disciplinary action is to be taken, the suspension should be lifted immediately, and arrangements made for the member of staff to return to work.

- The young person / adult at risk making the allegation and / or their parents / carers should also be informed of the outcome of the investigation and proceedings. This should occur prior to the return to college of the member of staff (if suspended).
- The Principal Appointed Investigating Manager should give consideration as to what information should be made available to the general population of the College.

6.6. Allegations Without Foundation (malicious)

False allegations may be indicative of problems of abuse elsewhere. A record should be kept, and consideration given to a referral to the appropriate Local Authority Social Care Department in order that other agencies may act upon the information.

In consultation with the Appointed Investigating Manager, the Principal, or appointed DSL / People & Development Business Partner will:

- Inform the member of staff against whom the allegation is made orally and in writing that no further disciplinary or safeguarding action will be taken.
- Inform the parents / carers of the alleged victim that the allegation has been made and of the outcome.
- Where the allegation was made by a child / adult at risk other than the alleged victim, consideration should be given to informing the parents / carers of that child / adult at risk.
- Prepare a report outlining the allegation and giving reasons for the conclusion that it had no foundation and confirming that the above action had been taken

Where it is subsequently found that an allegation was made with aforethought malice, the College will determine an appropriate course of action. This may include disciplinary action against the accuser, acceptance of a written apology (subject to agreement about future behaviour) or other such sanctions as are deemed appropriate.

Consideration for proportionate responses to perpetrators of false or unsubstantiated allegations:

- Despite the distress caused, learners who make false allegations may still be entitled to continue to receive full access to the curriculum with appropriate risk assessments and support plans in place where applicable.
- Where remaining in the same organisation as the falsely accused member of staff would be prejudicial either to the member of staff or the learner, consideration should be given to supporting the learner to identify suitable education or training opportunities elsewhere.
- Permanent exclusion should be considered only as a last resort.

7. Reporting and dealing with Suspicions of Radicalisation / Extremism

In line with our Prevent Duty it is important that all our staff and learners, regardless of age, are protected from abuse linked to the risk of radicalisation, as discussed within Prevent duty guidance: England and Wales (2023) - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)

Radicalisation is the process where someone has their vulnerabilities or susceptibilities exploited towards crime or terrorism or supporting terrorism – most often by a third party, who have their own agenda. The Government has defined extremism in the Prevent strategy as: "vocal or active opposition to fundamental British values, including democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of different faiths and beliefs. We also include in our definition of extremism calls for the death of members of our armed forces".

If there are concerns that a learner is being radicalised or where there are concerns that a learner is expressing extremist views, these concerns must be raised, in line with government Prevent Duty guidance, in the same way that any other safeguarding concern would be raised. If the College Designated Safeguarding Lead considers that the information given indicates that the learner may be at risk of radicalisation, they will make a safeguarding referral in line with the Prevent Duty guidelines.

8. Allegations Against Other Learners

In the case of an allegation or actual abuse of a child / adult at risk by a learner (child on child abuse), the DSL shall:

- · Notify the Principal.
- Take the steps that they consider to be necessary to ensure the safety of the learner in question, and that of any other learner who may be at risk.
- Report the matter to the external agencies/police in line with this procedure.
- Ensure that records are maintained on MyConcern.

9. Children with unexplainable and or/persistent absences from education (gone missing from education)

If a learner aged 16-18 does not attend College, the NCG attendance Management Policy will be followed.

All learner attendance is monitored, and non-attendances, will be followed up in accordance with NCG Policy, resulting in early identification/resolution of learners at risk of going absent from education. General notes should be maintained on eTrackr in a simple format: reason(s) for non-attendance>action(s) required from staff>action(s) required action from learner.

Some learners may be deemed to be at higher risk – for example those with complex, or profound needs, or children who are care experienced (see NCG Safeguarding Policy for other examples).

If the learner continues to be absent for more than 20 college days (4 weeks) and staff have been unable to make satisfactory contact with the learner or guardian to

ensure resumption of attendance, the College will typically withdraw the student from the course.

At the point of withdrawal, the relevant Local Authority must be notified. A record should be made on eTrackr of the contact log and state the date of contact with the local authority, the officer contacted and means of communication (email / phone).

If the staff member has concern about the safety of the learner, a concern must be raised and passed to the DSL. If the child is judged to be at risk of harm, DSLs will seek advice and / or refer to Children's Social Care as appropriate. If the staff member believes the learner is in immediate danger, they must inform the police.

10. Private Fostering

Where a young person under the age of 16 years (under 18 years if disabled) is cared for by someone, who is not their parent or a 'close relative' for 28 days or more, this is identified as a Private Fostering arrangement². Where a member of staff becomes aware of this arrangement, they must raise this with the DSL who will report it to the relevant Local Authority. The Local Authority will ensure that the arrangements are suitable and safe for the young person.

10.1. 14-16 School Link Students

In the case of a 14-16 School Link student, the DSL will liaise with the school's DSL. The school DSL will usually make the external referral to the Local Authority; however, this must be confirmed by both parties and a record maintained on MyConcern.

11. Learners or Applicants with Criminal Convictions

If a member of staff becomes aware that a learner applicant has a criminal conviction, they should alert the DSL. The DSL will refer to the FE Admission Policy and the associated fitness to study risk assessment to ensure the safety of other learners and the applicant.

Under no circumstances should the applicant be offered an unconditional place until this Risk Assessment has been carried out and the enrolment approved by the principal.

The DSL will conduct the fitness to study risk assessment (contained within the FE Admission Policy), consulting with the principal, probation service and police where appropriate. The principal, in consultation with the DSL/senior leadership team will reject / approve / approve with any appropriate conditions the applicant's enrolment.

The DSL will maintain a written record of the assessment and the outcome of these discussions on MyConcern.

² A close relative refers to a grandparent, stepparent, sibling, including half-siblings, aunt, or uncle. It does not include great-aunts or uncles, great grandparents, or cousins.

Should a member of staff become aware of an existing learner with a criminal conviction or where one is received in-year, they must notify the DSL immediately who can advise on actions to be taken whilst a risk assessment is carried out.

In the cases of learners who are studying at the College for short periods of time through Job Centre Plus / Work Programme provision, the College reserves the right to refer learners back to the host agency and share information appropriately.

12. Notifications to the College of Learner Risk

Occasionally, staff may receive external information, about an individual attending college who may present a risk to young people or adults at risk. For example, a disclosure under MAPPA (Multi Agency Public Protection Arrangements). In these circumstances, the DSL will call a case conference meeting to:

- Discuss the case with the relevant professionals supporting and monitoring the individual concerned e.g., police, probation, Youth Offending Service.
- Undertake a fitness to study risk assessment and save as a document in MyConcern
- Determine what action/s should be taken to ensure that the college fulfils its safeguarding responsibilities.
- Establish if the learner has attended any other NCG sites, and the circumstances for leaving.

13. Working with External Partners / Parents

13.1. External Partners / Subcontractors

Where NCG subcontracts to other training organisations to work with learners, the NCG Contracts Team will have responsibility for managing the contract will ensure the full on-boarding processes have been completed in line with the NCG Subcontractor Framework/Handbook. This will include assurance of:

- Safe recruitment and staff monitoring policies are in place in line with NCG Policy. For example, that all staff appointments are made subject to:
 - Satisfactory references.
 - Satisfactory Disclosure and Baring Service (DBS).
 - Prohibition from teaching checks (where appropriate).
 - All staff working with vulnerable individuals are trained in line with the NCG Policy.
 - The subcontracted organisation has best practice / policy in place to ensure the personal safety and wellbeing for vulnerable individuals.

Until DBS clearance has been received, new staff working in 'regulated' activity are not allowed to work alone without supervision with learners. This

must be completed and signed off by the principal, or Director of People & Development, before the member of staff starts. People & Development will send a weekly status report will be sent to the GDSL and relevant principals on a weekly basis.

Only approved agency staff may be used NCG People & Development will ensure that approved agencies have the appropriate safer recruitment checks in place.

14. Referral to Professional Services & DfE (DSLs only)

College DSLs are required to inform the Professional Services DSL of the following referrals:

- Learner / apprentice (children and adults at risk) referrals to the Local Authority Designated Officer / Children and Families or Safeguarding Adults' Duty Team / police whereby the learner is the alleged 'subject'.
- Learner / apprentice (children and adults at risk) referrals to the Local Authority Designated Officer / Children and Families or Safeguarding Adults Duty Team / police whereby the learner is the alleged 'perpetrator'.
- Staff referrals to the Local Authority Designated Officer / Children and Families or Safeguarding Adults Duty Team / police whereby the staff member is the alleged 'perpetrator'.

The NCG External Notification Form should be completed by DSL/safeguarding staff only via the designated <u>form</u>. This form requests no personal information, and simply documents the MyConcern case number. It is used only to inform the Professional Services DSL of the most significant case, for supervision and monitoring purposes. All information will continue to be held in MyConcern.

All correspondence will be held in the strictest confidence and will be used to by the Professional Services DSL to monitor external referral trends, and to support with supervision where required.

If external agencies are already actively involved with the learner's case prior to enrolment, there is no need to submit the NCG External Notification Form. However periodic updates on agency progress and support (case notes) should instead be made in MyConcern.

There may be occasions where staff conscientiously refer the siblings of current enrolled students to the DSL due to emerging concerns. In these cases, there is no requirement to complete the NCG External Notification Form, unless the potential outcome will have a likely and direct impact on the enrolled student. For example, a potential intervention from the local authority/ police/ CAFCAS that would see the family's children removed from their parents/ carers, or a potential threat to the learner is apparent because of making the disclosure. A note will still be made on MyConcern, tagged to the enrolled student for wider context.

15. Informing the DfE/ESFA

In some cases, NCG is required to inform the DfE/ESFA. This includes a staff concern, a student death, or issues associated with violence/sexual violence. The

Professional Services DSL will do so by completing the ESFA enquiry form and emailing the Group's DfE contract manager.

All case note updates will be made securely in MyConcern.

The DSL must inform the Professional Services DSL if the College, or one of its subcontractors is the subject of an investigation by the local authority or the police in response to a serious safeguarding incident. This will be done using the NCG External Notification Form.

The Professional Services DSL will send a copy of the Annual Safeguarding Report to the DfE contract manager, once approved by Corporation.

16. Confidentiality and Information Sharing

The issue of confidentiality in the context of safeguarding is quite complex. How a member of staff handles the situation, if a learner does not initially wish to be identified as needing protection, is crucial in making them feel safe enough to disclose their identity.

There are several things to consider, including the possible risk posed to other vulnerable individuals or children, and NCG's statutory responsibility to notify external agencies of confidential information, when justified in the interests of safeguarding.

If a learner has capacity to make informed choices and decisions, information must not be passed on to external authorities unless the learner agrees or unless the DSL is satisfied that there is a serious risk of harm to self, other learners, or the public at large.

If a learner with capacity does not wish to be named and staff are in any doubt about how to proceed, advice can be sought from the relevant external agency,

It should be noted that GDPR Regulations are not a barrier to sharing information with designated colleagues or authorities where necessary. DSLs should instead consider whether the following has been met.

- a. There needs to be a lawful basis for sharing the information and this should be recorded along with the reasons (if not already covered by point 1 above). The most common lawful bases suitable for safeguarding purposes are public task, legitimate interests and legal obligation. Consent is another lawful basis, but it is not required for sharing information in a safeguarding context (should there be a perceived risk to a child).
- b. If special category data is being shared (e.g. information about health or revealing racial or ethnic origin), in addition to identifying a lawful basis, we must also identify a condition for processing under Article 9 of the UK GPDR (for which the conditions are outlined in the link below): https://ico.org.uk/for-organisations/uk-gdpr-guidance-and-resources/lawful-basis/special-category-data/what-are-the-conditions-for-processing/

- c) Information should always be shared securely (via OneDrive link with restricted access or if it must be by email that any sensitive information is password protected).
- d) In an emergency, don't hesitate to share information to safeguard a child. You might not have time to follow all the usual processes however you should make a record of what you shared, who with, and why, as soon as practicably possible.

If there are any queries on the above please contact the Data Protection Officer at dpo@ncgrp.co.uk. The ICO's 10 step guide to sharing information to safeguard children is also linked below for reference:

https://ico.org.uk/for-organisations/uk-gdpr-guidance-and-resources/data-sharing/a-10-step-guide-to-sharing-information-to-safeguard-children/

17. Whistleblowing

NCG has a Whistleblowing and Disclosure Policy which protects staff members who wish to raise concerns about serious concerns/malpractice in the organisation. In the case of safeguarding, this may relate to a theoretical concern about dangerous or illegal activity, or widespread or systemic failure in relation to learners or the services they receive. This duty is contained with the NCG Disclosure Policy and staff should act in accordance with that policy.

Whistleblowing is very different from a complaint or a grievance. It only applies when the staff member has no vested interest and are acting as a witness to misconduct or malpractice that has been observed and/or has been unaddressed following identification. Staff are always encouraged to raise the concern with a trusted leader first – this policy would apply where they are unable to do so for some reason.

If a staff member has a personal concern/complaint, they should follow the NCG Complaints and Compliments Policy.

18. Written records / MyConcern

The DSL shall retain a confidential copy of the following on MyConcern (learners) and iTrent (staff). They should not keep sensitive and confidential information in personal drives.

- · All referral forms.
- Written reports, notes and documents relating to an investigation or correspondence.
- Any other relevant material.

18.1 MyConcern

MyConcern is a specialist platform designed to securing maintain all reports, case notes, and documents relating to learner safeguarding.

All staff will have limited access to MyConcern to log concerns with the DSL.

Access rights for DSLs will be reviewed regularly, as a standing item at the Safeguarding Council.

19. Monitoring Effectiveness

Where a complaint has been made, or an allegation has been made against a member of staff, the CEO / Principal and Professional Services / College Designated Safeguarding Lead should, at the conclusion of the investigation and any disciplinary procedures, consider whether there are any matters arising from it that could lead to the improvement of the College's procedures and / or policies, or which should be drawn to the attention of the Local Safeguarding Children's Board. Consideration should also be given to the training needs of staff. The Link Governor should be suitably appraised and consulted on recommended actions.

20. Supervision Arrangements for DSLs

Supervision is provided to DSLs via the following methods:

- NCG Safeguarding Council provides a forum for sharing contextual examples and experiences.
- DSLs provide one to one support and guidance to DSLs in other colleges on request.
- Link Governors can provide one to one support and guidance to the DSL of their college using anonymised examples.
- DSL's may make external supervision arrangements for themselves, and their staff as deemed necessary.

The Professional Services DSL will arrange a minimum of one supervision workshop per academic year. This will be face to face for preference.

21. Safer Recruitment of Staff, Volunteers and Agency Staff

NCG has in place a safer recruitment policy (NCG Recruitment Policy). The recruitment procedures will ensure that every care is taken to ensure that young people / adults at risk are protected from unsuitable people. The recruitment procedures will apply to all staff, agency staff, and volunteers (for volunteers where attendance is long term and unsupervised) within the College who may work with young people / adults at risk. The recruitment procedures will include the following:

- The post or role will be clearly defined.
- The key selection criteria for the post or role will be identified.
- The requirement to produce documentary evidence of academic / vocational qualifications.
- Obtaining professional references.
- Verification of previous employment history.
- DBS and ID verification checks.

- Use of a variety of selection techniques (e.g., qualifications, previous experience, interview, reference checks).
- Notification to the candidate if the recruitment process involved a review of publicly available online material, including open social media accounts.
- Interview panels will include at least one member who is "Safer Recruitment" trained. Professional Services Payroll will send a periodic training status report to leaders to help maintain compliance. However, People & Development will implement checks to ensure that this requirement is met. The training required is the 'ETF Safeguarding and Safer Recruitment in the FE and Training Sector' module. The training is delivered online and is free to NCG staff. This training should be updated every three years.

For NCG staff, a central record will be maintained by Professional Services People & Development, a weekly exception report will be sent to the Professional Services DSL/relevant principals for assurance that staff are suitably cleared, or appropriate supervision arrangements are in place, via a risk assessment. The latter is to be used in exceptional circumstances only, and must be approved by either the Executive Principal (People), Director of People & Development, or Principal. No other staff are cleared to make this decision.

For agency staff, the College will check that the person presenting at the College is the same person that the agency provided the vetting checks for. Recruitment and selection processes are designed to assist managers to recruit and select the best candidates for a vacancy. The College will take account of all relevant legislation. A log will be maintained.

For professional consultants, the nominated People & Development Business Partner or DSL will ensure that the person presenting at the College is the same person that the agency provided the vetting checks for, and the letter of assurance is provided and checked before the agency member of staff commences duties, and is granted access to campus.

Volunteers will generally undertake the same vetting checks as any other member of staff before being invited to work at the college. If a staff member wishes to 'employ' a volunteer they must complete this <u>form</u> from the DSL. The form will be used by NCG People & Development to determine the level of risk and level of DBS check required.

The facts will be reported to the Disclosure and Barring Service where the candidate:

- Has been disqualified from working with children, young people, or adults at risk.
- Has provided false information, on or in support of their application.
- Is a cause for concern about their suitability to work with children, young people, or adults at risk.

22. Staff Training

- All staff,Governors and College Board members are trained to understand the risks to learners and how to respond through the NCG Safeguarding Policy and Procedure and appropriate behaviour through the NCG Code of Conduct.
- All staff are required to complete mandatory training on appointment and ensure it is kept up to date (refreshing every 3 years). A compliance record will be maintained by Professional Services People & Development / Payroll / Professional Services DSL
- All staff will receive (at least) an annual update on statutory guidance & legislation changes (e.g., KCSIE updates), and the relevant risk to learners, through face-to-face staff training either in person, or via online streaming.
- All staff at the College must declare that they have read the latest version of Keeping Children Safe in Education and the NCG Safeguarding Policy update.
- Staff can be updated via, email, e-bulletins, training, briefings, and staff meetings. The updates should provide staff with the skills and knowledge they need to safeguard learners effectively.
- The Professional Services DSL, DSLs, deputies and safeguarding officers will undertake external local authority update training in line with local authority guidance. They will be trained to at least Level 3 for Safeguarding Children and Adults.
- All new employees will undergo the NCG Induction Programme, which includes mandatory safeguarding e-learning and responsibilities under the NCG Safeguarding Policy.
- Recruiting managers will additionally complete the ETF Safeguarding & Safer Recruitment in the FE Sector module. <u>Safeguarding and Prevent training</u> <u>courses - The Education and Training Foundation (et-foundation.co.uk)</u> At least one ETF trained member of staff must be on the interview panel.

23. Training for Learners and Apprentices

- All learners will receive training during induction on safeguarding and the likely risks to them, and their peers.
- They will receive explicit direct instruction on how to raise concerns / make referrals and seek additional support.
- The impact of this training will be tested through evaluations of teaching & learning, learner surveys, group tutorials, and learner voice activities for the purposed of assurance and continuous improvement.
- In addition to key safeguarding training, all learners should be provided with introductions to Prevent, British Values, sex, and relationship education, and what constitutes sexual violence, harassment, and abuse. The training will make clear acceptable behaviours and positive relationships.
- Local risks may vary from college to colleges, although explicit instruction must be made in relation to the dangers of organised and serious violence /

gang cultures, the use of drugs and alcohol, the concealment and use of weapons, and online dangers associated with content, conduct, contact, commerce. Learners will be made aware of the NCG Student Positive Behaviour Policy, and NCG (prohibition of) Weapons, Drugs and Alcohol Policy

24. Online Safety and Remote Study / Working - Staff Guidance

24.1. Keeping Safe Online

Colleagues are additionally expected to be vigilant around harmful online material that may constitute one or more types of abuse.

Additional arrangements (such as additional training, learner engagement and wellbeing monitoring and learner surveys) may be necessary in the future event of a prolonged period of home study, which will be advised to staff via the NCG website. https://www.ncgrp.co.uk/guide-to-information/our-policies-and-procedures/safeguarding/

General categories of online are grouped into 4Cs and include:

- Content being exposed to illegal or harmful content for example, pornography, fake news, racism, misogyny, self-harm, suicide, anti-Semitism, radicalisation, and extremism, and artificial intelligence (AI) generated misinformation.
- Contact being subjected to harmful online interaction with other users, including commercial advertising and adults posing as children).
- Conduct personal behaviour that falls below widely acceptable behaviours or laws - for example, making, sending, and receiving explicit images, including those generated by AI; or using social media to post harmful, hurtful, or abusive messages and images.
- Commerce including online gambling and gaming.

24.2. Acceptable Use of Technology Policy including social media

Staff and learners must follow the NCG IT Acceptable Use Policy. Staff must not instigate contact with or make 'friends' with learners from personal social media accounts.

Staff should check their online privacy settings to ensure only material that they wish to be public is shared.

Where current learners contact staff through personal social media accounts staff must inform their line manager, and if repeated attempts are made the issue must be raised with the learner through their tutor.

It is acceptable for staff to run professional college/NCG social media accounts. This must be with the knowledge of the line manager and staff are responsible for ensuring that any such accounts are maintained to a standard expected of a reputable educational organisation. Staff must pass on passwords for any college social media accounts to their line manager and email the NCG Service Desk should they leave the organisation.

Communications between learners and staff, by any method, should take place within clear and professional boundaries. All communications are required to be transparent and may be open to scrutiny.

24.3. Online Lesson Delivery and the NCG Practice for Online Learning Policy

Staff should read, understand, and follow the NCG Practice for Online Learning Policy, and NCG Code of Conduct to follow for any live lesson activities. The policy has information related to safeguarding.

This includes guidance around preventing the release of any information that inadvertently gives the location or information about a member of staff / learner should be visible. Any safeguarding concerns that become evident through online verbal or visual communication should be followed up in line with the NCG Safeguarding Policy.

24.4. Advice when Working One to One with Young People and Adults at Risk.

There may be occasions when it is necessary for members of staff to work in one to one capacity with learners. The NCG staff member should first consider:

- whether an additional member of staff should/could be present
- whether the topic of discussion/activity can be safely undertaken in a group setting
- whether the learner requires a professional or responsible advocate to accompany them
- whether the conversation can be held in an open location, or a private location that is visible to other members of staff (e.g. an office with windows).

If the above is not appropriate, then advice should be sought from the DSL. In some cases a risk assessment may be required to protect both parties.

Annex A – Responsibilities for the Administration and Management of MyConcern

MyConcern is a specialist platform procured by NCG to help securely record, monitor, and report on safeguarding case work. It is a product of The Safeguarding Company.

Professional Services, Information Data Services (Chief Data, Information & Estates Officer) will:

- Ensure that the platform is procured and renewed compliantly.
- Ensure that licences and data sharing agreements are in line with NCG policy and procedures.
- Ensure that the data held in the platform is secure, and data transfer arrangements between the ILR and platform are secure.

 Undertake periodic stress tests to ensure that the system is safe and robust.
- Ensure that the platform is easily accessible for NCG Staff.

Professional Services DSL will:

- Act as the platform owner at NCG
- Ensure that staff are trained in the use of MyConcern, including annual refreshers.
- Review the efficacy of the platform on a regular basis.
- Work with the Safeguarding Council to periodically review the efficacy of the platform, and make recommendation for continuous improvement on reporting and management of the platform, including recommendations from Business Assurance
- Review access rights for staff who need highly trusted status.

DSLs will:

- Act as the platform owner at the college
- Implement local arrangements for staff training, including additional training for safeguarding teams.
- Receive, review, triage and categorise concerns.
- Act on the concern information as appropriate
- Maintain careful and accurate records.
- Management of periodic reviewing, filing, and closing cases
- Review the efficiency of reports for trend analysis.

Access Rights for MyConcern:

All NCG staff will have access to MyConcern to log concerns.

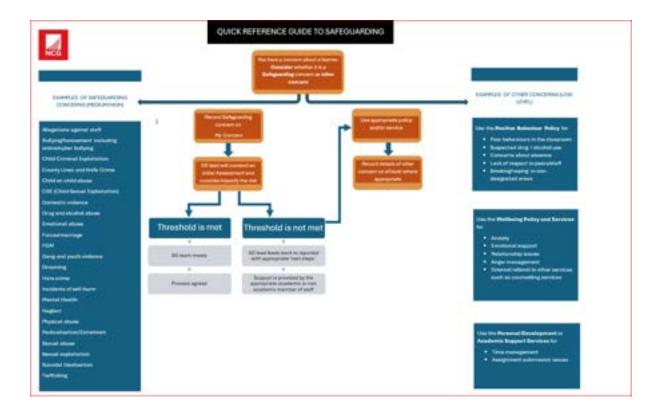
Highly Trusted Status assigned to (administer rights)

- Highly trusted access will only be assigned to staff with enhanced DBS clearance to work at NCG. The Safeguarding Council will review the list as a standing agenda item.
 - Professional Services DSL (all instances)
 - Head of Learning Technology and Digital Learning (all instances as LDS lead for MyConcern)
 - DSLs (college instance, but are cleared to access all colleges instances on request should this be required)
 - Deputy DSL / Safeguarding Teams (relevant college instance only)
 - o Principal / Senior Leadership Teams (relevant college instance only)
 - Other staff as deemed appropriate by the Safeguarding Council (relevant college instance only)

DSL Triaging of Concerns

DSLs/SOs will triage a concern when it is submitted by staff. This will follow the classification of risk earlier in this document.

- I. Concern (low immediate risk) where staff, learners and / or external partners have any initial concerns about the welfare of a young person or adult, they should raise those concerns via MyConcern. DSLs will evaluate the concern as soon as possible. Where there is no risk of harm, or immediate danger, the classification will remain a concern and action short of external referral will be taken. Usually through college-based services or existing partnerships.
- II. **Risk of Harm (medium immediate risk) –** where staff, learners and / or external partners believe a young person or adult is suffering or likely to suffer from harm, or may pose a risk of harm to others, they should raise this with the DSL immediately via MyConcern. DSLs will evaluate the concern the same day. Where it is deemed that there is a risk of harm, the DSL will determine the next steps. This may likely include a referral to external agencies.
- III. Immediate Danger (high immediate risk) where staff, learners and / or external partners believe a young person or adult is suffering or likely to suffer from immediate danger, or may pose a risk of harm to others, they should raise this with the DSL directly (in person or by Teams call/phone) and also log it on MyConcern. DSLs will evaluate the concern immediately. Where it is deemed that there is a risk of harm, the DSL will take the next steps. This will include an immediate referral to external agencies. It may also be appropriate for any member of staff to contact the emergency services directly using 999 if the situation is urgent.



Sampling of Concerns

DSLs are required to periodically sample a fair representation of concerns to ensure that the chronology is maintained by safeguarding teams. There is no expectation for long, detailed updates that exceed requirements, instead update notes must be concise and factual, decisions must be clear, with uploaded documents where applicable.

DSLs will update directly or action an update notes where required, until such time the note is closed and filed. With the aim of continuous improvement, the outcomes of sampling should be communicated to relevant staff - a note on MyConcern, using the supervision category, could be used to record the feedback.

IDS Leads will support the creation of exception reports to help identify useful information to help DSLs identify dormant or inactive records.

Annex B – Links to National Guidance

- DfE (Department of Education) guidance Relationships and sex education (RSE) and health education GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)
- Serious Violence, Organised Violence, Knife Crime and County Lines <u>Advice</u> to schools and colleges on gangs and youth violence GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)
- Preventing Youth Violence and Gang Involvement
- Online Safety and Remote Study / Working <u>Meeting digital and technology</u> standards in schools and colleges - Cyber security standards for schools and colleges - Guidance - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)
- Prevent Get help for radicalisation concerns GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)
- Higher Education –Harassment and Sexual Misconduct <u>Statement of expectations</u> Office for Students

Annex C - NCG Estates Contractor Safeguarding Assurance Procedure

Purpose

To provide guidance to ensure that Professional Services Estates staff responsible for engaging contractors to work on sites across the Group have obtained the appropriate level of DBS check.

The measures adopted shall be proportionate to the risk. Safeguarding measures to be considered shall include the following:

- **Segregate** To avoid contact between contractors and pupils as far as possible and eliminate all opportunities for construction site access by anyone not entitled to enter.
- **Supervise** To supervise any contact that does take place by a member of staff and ensure that the contractor does not have unsupervised contact with learners.
- Code of conduct To require contractors to observe a code of conduct.
- **Regulate Access** To regulate and agree access to the premises for contractors.
- **DBS Checks** To undertake checks where appropriate.

DBS Requirements

Contractors engaging in regulated activity will require all safer recruitment checks, including an enhanced DBS certificate (including barred list information).

For all other contractors who are not engaging in regulated activity, but whose work provides them with an opportunity for regular contact with children, an enhanced DBS check (not including barred list information) will be required. Regular work relates to recurrent work that brings the contractor onto a campus, or multiple campuses, multiple times across the academic year.

In cases where the contractor does not have opportunity for regular contact, the contractor will be supervised by a member of NCG staff.

If an individual working at a college is self-employed, the relevant People & Development Business Partner should consider obtaining the DBS check, as self-employed people are not able to make an application directly to the DBS on their own account. If not they will be supervised.

Positive Disclosures

The contractor must immediately inform the Assistant Director Estates where a positive disclosure arises from a new DBS check, or arrest. On receipt the Assistant Director will prohibit access for the member of contractor staff. Should a positive disclosure be made apparent in the process of a DBS check, then the Assistant Director should consult with the Director of People & Development. The Director of People & Development will subsequently consider the offence/alleged offence, the risks involved, and provide guidance as to whether the contractor will be permitted to work on NCG site(s). The decision will be recorded.

Regulated Activity

- · working in the relevant College.
- frequently (once a week or more often), or on 4 or more days in a 30-day period by the same person, engaged in work for or in connection with the purposes of the establishment.
- it gives the person the opportunity, in their work, to have contact with children.

Estate Employees Responsibility

It is the responsibility of the member of NCG Estates who is engaging the contractor to ensure that under no circumstances should a contractor work unsupervised, or engage in regulated activity, unless appropriate levels of checks have been obtained.

Arrangements for Exempted Contractors

Where the contractor is not engaged in regulated activity, it is the responsibility of the Estates Employee to agree an appropriate level of supervision. As a minimum the following actions will be put in place.

- The contractor will be given a copy of the Code of Conduct at Appendix A when signing-in.
- The contractor will be given a 'contractor's lanyard' with a 'temporary contractor' pass and will follow the level of supervision agreed.
- The contractor will have a named member of NCG staff to act as a supervisor, and the level of supervision agreed, with clear prohibitions and arrangements for being accompanied.

Arrangements for All Contractors

- **1.** Security/Estates/Reception will check the identity of contractors and their staff on arrival and ensure a record is made of.
 - name, organisation and contact number.
 - time and date signed-in
 - name of the engaging member of Estates staff
 - confirmation that the engaging member of Estates staff has been contacted and given permission to work in the College.
 - purpose of the visit and location of the works
 - time signed-out, ID returned.
- **2.** A code of conduct should be used (Annex A) to inform contractors what might be considered inappropriate behaviour.

- **3.** Any order for works or building contract should be let with a clear condition that failure to observe the code will entitle the college to exclude a member of a contractors' staff from the premises.
- **4.** Additionally, where appropriate, the code should be.
 - issued to contractors when quotations or tenders are invited.
 - stated as a condition on any order for works or building contract.
 - Safeguarding arrangements highlighted and agreed at prestart meetings.
 - Included as part of contractor site safety briefings and induction.

Arrangements for Contractors with enhanced DBS Certificates

It is the responsibility of the engaging Employee to.

- inform the contracting organisation about the level of check required.
- Obtain from the contracting organisation the DBS numbers of their staff and seek assurance that the contractor does not have proven criminal convictions, pending processes, or recent arrests making them unsuitable to work in an educational setting.

Examples of Safeguarding Level Requirements

Contractor Type	Description of Services	Mitigation	DBS Requirement
Planned Works	(not limited to)1-50 site	Containment of	No as there is no
	operatives, on site for a	activities and people	contact with
Major Capital	significant period.	to within site	learners.
Projects e.g. T-		parameters or	
Levels/SDF		construction	
works		designated areas. No	
		interaction with	
		learners.	
Contracted	Estates contractors	Assessment by	Yes – contractors
Services	contractually operate	Procurement using the	are on-site most
	on-site routinely and	Keeping Children Safe	days and have
Catering,	frequently e.g. security,	in Education guidance	direct interactions
Cleaning and	cleaning, catering etc	will determine if a	with learners. EDBS
Security		DBS/EDBS is	with barred List
Services		required.	
Routine Service	Estates contractors	Contractors required	The requirements
Visits	without contractual	to be on site under	will be determined
Routine	agreements due to the	timescales or type of work identified in	using the Keeping Children Safe in
Maintenance –	value or type of works. These works could be	'Keeping Children	Education
e.g. plumbers,	once annually or	Safe in Education'	Guidance and if a
electricians etc	weekly dependant on	may or may not	DBS or EDBS is
doing planned	requirement e.g. repairs	require an	required, the
and reactive	to landscaping, weather	EDBS/DBS.	contractors' staff
works	damage, specialist	Assessment will be	will obtain one
	moves.	made on appointment	before working
		of works. Contractors	unchaperoned on
		are chaperoned as	an NCG campus.
		required.	
Ad-hoc	Estates contractors	Contractors required	The requirements
Appointments	without contractual	to be on site under	will be determined
e.g. surveyors,	agreements due to the	timescales or type of	using the Keeping
specialist trades	nature of the work	work identified in	Children Safe in
	activity. This activity is	'Keeping Children	Education
	usually infrequent and	Safe in Education'	Guidance and if a
	by exception e.g.	may or may not	DBS or EDBS is
	survey works,	require an	required, the
	emergency repairs to	EDBS/DBS.	contractor's staff
	specialist building	Assessment will be	will obtain one
	fabrics (glazing).	made on appointment of works. Contractors	before working unchaperoned on
		are chaperoned as	an NCG campus.
		required.	an 1400 campus.
Emergency Call	Reactive maintenance,	Contractors required	The requirements
Outs	emergencies (e.g.	to be on site under	will be determined
3 5	window breakages,	timescales or type of	using the Keeping
	1	work identified in	Children Safe in
	plumbing/electrical	'Keeping Children	Education
	repairs) i.e. where the	Safe in Education'	Guidance and if a
	contractor's visit is	may or may not	DBS or EDBS is
i	unplanned and would	require an	required, the

	normally be undertaking works over a period of hours involving a single or small number of workers.	EDBS/DBS. Assessment will be made on appointment of works. Contractors are chaperoned as required.	contractor's staff will obtain one before working unchaperoned on an NCG campus.
Out-of-hours and non-term Arrangements	Reactive maintenance, emergencies (e.g. window breakages, plumbing/electrical repairs) i.e. where the contractor's visit is unplanned and would normally be undertaking works over a period of hours involving a single or small number of workers.	Contractors required to be on site under timescales or type of work identified in 'Keeping Children Safe in Education' may or may not require an EDBS/DBS. Assessment will be made on appointment of works. Contractors are chaperoned as required.	The requirements will be determined using the Keeping Children Safe in Education Guidance and if a DBS or EDBS is required, the contractor's staff will obtain one before working unchaperoned on an NCG campus.

Planned Works

This includes contracts for works such as: new buildings, extensions, roof repairs, boiler renewals, window renewals, re-wiring, IT installation i.e. where the work is planned, and the contractor will be undertaking works over a period of weeks with various trade persons attending. Minimum requirement: enhanced DBS certificate (including barred list information) - where the works are within the relevant College premises.

Exceptions

Contractors working on a self-contained building site, where the access is separate to that of the main college, <u>and</u> access is controlled by a main contractor, no checks are required. In this example it is likely to be a major construction project. Supervising contractors' staff will be required to have an enhanced DBS certificate (including barred list information) in case the work requires meetings and work within the College campus.

Routine Service Visits

This includes service contracts for: Boiler maintenance, fire alarm and emergency lighting checks, legionella checks, electrical tests, intruder alarms, gas heater maintenance i.e. where usually the contractor's visit is planned and will be undertaking works over a period of hours or a couple of days involving a single or only a small number of workers. Normally there will be a contract in place for the provision of these services and the level of check will be specified within that document. Minimum requirement: enhanced DBS check (not including barred list information)

Emergency Call Outs

This includes contracts for works such as: Reactive maintenance, emergencies (e.g. window breakages, plumbing/electrical repairs) i.e. where the contractor's visit is unplanned and would normally be undertaking works over a period of hours involving a single or small number of workers. Minimum requirement: no DBS certificate required; contractor to be supervised.

Out-of-hours and non-term Arrangements

The relevant member of Estates staff who is arranging the contracted works will ensure that contractors are adequately supervised. It will be desirable for the supervisor(s) to hold enhanced DBS checks (not including barred list information).

A copy of the Contractor's Code of Conduct at Appendix A will be included in the preliminaries and contract conditions for working in the College and issued at pricing stage.

Overrunning Contracts

Where a contract extends into term time, the supervisor(s) must hold enhanced DBS check (not including barred list information). The arrangements for completing the project will then be risk assessed for safeguarding and this will be approved at Director level or above. If a suitable risk assessment with adequate controls cannot be achieved, the works will be suspended and re-arranged out-of-hours and at weekends.

Monitoring and Assurance for Contractors

- The relevant NCG Head of Estates /Project Lead shall collate and maintain a
 register of contracted organisations. Each NCG Head of Estates /Project Lead
 shall hold a register (reference spreadsheet) for their college, identifying each
 contractor and undertaking the assessment and control measures against the
 criteria listed in section 5 above together with receipt of the DBS approvals from
 the contractor for their staff.
- Similarly, where Group-wide contracts are implemented or for construction refurbishment etc projects, these shall be captured by the NCG Head of Estates Project Lead or be included in the client brief as with safety arrangements.
- On completion of the initial register (March 2024) and termly there after a review of contractors shall be undertaken to reflect new contractors, or changes to those staff members or changes in conditions which may escalate or deescalate the DBS requirements.
- These may be notified through direct appointment and assessment and or through verification of new supplier's report received from Procurement.
- There will be the ability to increase the frequency of requiring contractors to provide additional assurance of DBS status and review of risk assessments against their work where there are changes in circumstance not limited to the college, estates team or the contractors' operations and or other external events or intelligence received.
- The Register (Contractor Safeguarding Staff Register) shall be used for completion with each contractor, they are required to provide a return on their

staff in accordance with the level of DBS control required as assessed by the NCG Head of Estates /Project Lead

- All completed Registers shall be held by on the Estates Hub within Teams. Any and all amendments and updates will need to be held there with previous editions not overwritten but held as an archive for the previous term.
- the Compliance Tracker will contain suitable questions for the monitoring and measurement of this activity to ensure that all contractors are assessed before they undertake work or are escorted to undertake activities otherwise, and we review any changes in staffing from the contractor where applicable in accordance with the risk assessment.
- Where there may be a requirement for clarification this should be directed to the relevant college or support service Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL)

Contractor Code of Conduct when undertaking work at NCG College Premises

- 1. Observe this code at all times whist on College premises.
- 2. Stay within the designated work area.
- 3. Obtain consent from the engaging member of College staff if access is required outside the designated site or work area.
- 4. Use only the agreed access routes and ask permission from the engaging member of staff to change.
- 5. Avoid contact with children/young people/students.
- 6. NEVER be in contact with children/young people/students without the contracting organisation's supervision or member of College staff.
- 7. If you are spoken to by a child/young person/student, be polite but do not engage in lengthy conversation.
- 8. If spoken to by a child/young person/student, avoid physical contact (such actions could be easily misinterpreted or misconstrued)
- 9. Do not use inappropriate language.
- 10. Dress appropriately at all times.
- 11. Keep the engaging member of staff and security informed or where you are and what you are doing.
- 12. Immediately report to the engaging member of staff or security any matters out of the ordinary or of concern, involving children/young people/students
- 13. Do not give out addresses or mobile phone numbers to the children/young people/students.
- 14. Do not arrange to meet with children/young people/students either inside or outside of the College premises.
- 15. Do not offer to buy / sell items from / to children/young people/students.
- 16. Do not take photographs of children/young people/students.
- 17. Do not bring alcohol or drugs onto the College premises.
- 18. Do not share food or drinks with children/young people/students.
- 19. Remember that your actions no matter how well-intentioned could be misinterpreted.
- 20. Sign-in and sign-out and to wear the issued ID at all times.



Annex D – Training Matrix

Training	Frequency of completion*	ALL NCG STAFF	RECRUITING MANAGERS		NCG LEADERS ³	GOVERNORS & MEMBERS	AGENCY WORKERS	SUBCONTRACT OR STAFF	VOLUNTEERS
BASIC TRAINING & DECLARATION									
NCG Safeguarding training module ⁴	3 yearly	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory				
DSL Safeguarding update	Annually	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory		Mandatory	Mandatory
Read, understand, and follow annual updates of parts 1 and 5 of KCSIE	Annually	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
Declaration of DBS status	Annually	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
ETF Safeguarding in FE Sector ⁵	3 yearly	Recommend	Recommen	d Mandatory	Recommend	Mandatory			
ADDITIONAL DECLARATION & . TRAINING									
Read, understand, and follow annual updates of part 2 of KCSIE	Annually		Recommen	d Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory			
Read, understand, and follow annual updates of part 3 of KCSIE	Annually		Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory			
ETF Safer Recruitment in FE Sector			Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory				
ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDED t& SPECIALIST TRAINING									
Prevent for FE ⁶	3 yearly	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Recommend			
ACT e-learning ⁷	3 yearly	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Recommend	Recommend	Recommend	Recommend
L3 Safeguarding Training with Local Safeguarding Board/Recognised Charity or a higher-level course.	2 yearly			Mandatory					
RECORDING/MONITORING (RESPOSNIBLE)		NCG P&D (ITRENT)	NCG P&D (ITRENT)	NCG P&D (ITRENT)	NCG P&D (ITRENT)	NCG GOVERNANCE	HOST AGENCY (NCG P&D)	NCG PROCUREMENT / CONTRACT	NCG P&D

³ NCG Leaders includes Executive Board, College Senior Leaders, Directors/Heads of Faculty Departments / Professional Service Teams

⁴ Completed within first 2 weeks during induction ⁵ Content is covered within NCG Mandatory Training, NCG Policy and KCSIE; DSLs complete as assurance only; governors complete as they do not have access to NCG training module

⁶ Linked within NCG Safeguarding Module; and therefore monitored via mandatory training compliance reporting

⁷ Phased in during 2024/25 academic year